## Welcome to the 2021 HIPAA

(Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act)

## Privacy Training Presentation and Annual Test



Protecting Patient PHI is Everyone's Responsibility

### What is PHI?

PHI (Protected Health Information) is individually identifiable health information that is transmitted by electronic media; maintained in electronic media; or transmitted or maintained in any other form (oral or paper) or medium.



### PHI includes patient identifiers such as:

- Names;
- Address and Phone/Fax Number;
- Date of Birth;
- Medical Record Number;
- Social Security Number;
- Diagnosis, Medical History, Medications;
- Insurance / Health plan, billing records;
- Email address and Photographs, etc.

You may access PHI only if you have a need to know for TPO !
(Treatment, Payment or Healthcare Operations)

# What types of Protected Health Information (PHI) are protected?



- Paper medical records;
- Electronic medical records;
- Oral communication;
- Electronic (faxed, email) documents;
- □ Any information that can identify the patient and is related to the person's past, present or future physical or mental health condition; and,
- Anything associated with healthcare services or treatment.

# Who oversees HIPAA and Compliance at Torrance Memorial?

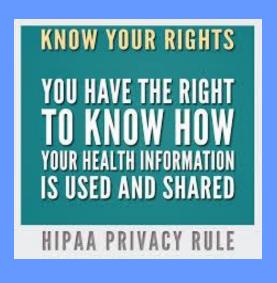


- La Toya Johnson, Privacy Officer ext. 22069
  - Monitors compliance with HIPAA and privacy regulations.
  - Handles privacy incidents and breaches.
  - Handles Business Associate Agreements.
- Brad Cohen, Information Security Manager ext. 16736
  - Overall responsibility for Information Security.
  - Handles security incidents, breaches, security awareness, and risk mitigation.
- Dennis Kikuno, Director of Compliance ext. 16725

(Compliance Hotline 1-855-226-5554)

 Oversees compliance program for preventing Medicare fraud and abuse.

# Patient Rights mandated by HIPAA Patients have the right to:



- Receive our Notice of Privacy Practices
- Access their medical record
- Request amendments to their medical record
- An accounting of disclosures of their medical records
- Request restrictions on release of Protected Health Information
- File a complaint

## Who is Authorized to See Patient PHI?

### "Minimum Necessary Rule"



- Clinical staff, physicians and employees are required to access only the information they need to do their job for TPO
- Release of PHI for TPO is permitted (Treatment, Payment or Healthcare Operations)
- Release of PHI for <u>Non-TPO</u> is not permitted without a signed Authorization Form
- Access to your /your family records is not permitted without a signed Authorization Form

## **Privacy and Social Networking:**







Posting ANY patient information even without patient names, or patient photos may lead to termination, fines and jail time

### **Federal Law: HIPAA Violations**

A breach is the unlawful or unauthorized acquisition, access, use or disclosure of patient PHI.



### ☐ CARELESSNESS (Single Violation):

- Faxing to the wrong fax number;
- Staff discuss patient medical information in <u>presence of</u> <u>visitors</u> (family, friends) without the patient consent;
- Patient is admitted with wrong guarantor/insurance;
- Patient receives PHI (discharge summary, results, etc.)
   belonging to another patient

#### MISUSE OF PHI

- Staff reviews a record of a patient out of concern or curiosity, or "peeking" in a patient record;
- Staff access patient record for Non-TPO and without a signed authorization from the patient

### ☐ MISUSE UNDER FALSE PRETENSES:

- Using another person's password to get into a clinical application
- ☐ MISUSE OF PHI WITH PERSONAL GAIN OR MALICE:
  - Staff reviews a patient record for personal use or to sell patient PHI



# Doing your part to protect Patient Phi:

- 1. Only access information if your job REQUIRES it for TPO. (Treatment, Payment, Healthcare Operations;
- 2. Authorization Form #17 is REQUIRED from the patient prior to Non-TPO access or release of PHI;
- 3. Faxes with a cover sheet can be sent to a physician office or other health care facilities fax machine that is within a secure location with:
  - Approved fax numbers (on Medical Staff Roster); or
  - The recipient waiting by the machine to receive the fax.
- 4. Use a low or soft voice when speaking about a patient on the telephone or in areas where you can be overheard by others;
- 5. Suspend, log off, tap out or lock down your PC before you walk away;
- 6. Do not share or disclose patient information with family, friends or co-workers;



# Doing your part to protect Patient PHI, cont:

- 7. Do not copy, email, text or post any information (or photos) that can identify a patient to personal devices;
- 8. Do not leave messages regarding patient conditions or test results on answering machines or with anyone except the patient;
- 9. Use shredding bins to discard documents, reports, labels, wrist bands, etc. containing PHI;
- 10. Promptly report patient privacy incidents to your supervisor, Privacy Officer or Information Security Officer;
- 11. Emergency care can proceed without obtaining authorizations;
- 12. HIPAA permits Reporting Domestic, Child and Elder abuse
- 13. HIPAA permits Public Health Reporting.

Protecting PHI is everyone's job, PHI is NOT everyone's business.
YOU are the key to Preventing Violations!



### Click the Quiz button to edit this object

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Click the "Start Quiz" button to proceed